



TM STONEHAGE FLEMING OPPORTUNITIES FUND VOTING & ENGAGEMENT RECORD 2025

Under the Financial Conduct Authority rules, COBS 2.2B, Stonehage Fleming Investment Management Limited (SFIM) is required to disclose on an annual basis:

1. A description of voting behaviour
2. An explanation of the most significant votes
3. The use of the services of proxy advisors, and
4. A description of how we have cast votes in the general meetings of companies

This disclosure in accordance with the above.

Stonehage Fleming's Stewardship Report can be found on our website here: [Stewardship-Report-2026.pdf](#)

Investment Manager name	Stonehage Fleming Investment Management Limited
Start of Reporting Period	01-Jan-25
End of Reporting Period	31-Dec-25
Fund Name	TM Stonehage Fleming Opportunities Fund

FUND/MANDATE INFORMATION

Size of the fund as at the end of the Reporting Period?	GBP 80.6m
What was the number of equity holdings in the fund mandate as at the end of the Reporting period?	57



VOTING POLICIES

Description of our process for deciding how to vote	When deciding how to vote we will consider our voting policy and the companies' management views, rationales and proposals. We will consider all information in order to draw our own conclusions on each vote and will not default to follow either management or advisor views. We will vote against proposals that compromise our clients' interests. We may not vote where we are not able to make an informed decision due to poor disclosure, or where we receive an unsatisfactory response from management.
Description of proxy voting services	We use a third-party proxy voting service provided by Broadridge. Voting decisions are determined by the Fund Management Team and in accordance with SFIM's agreed voting procedures and policies. The cost of executing votes is covered by the fund Custodian fee.
How we define "most significant" votes	1. Potential impact on financial outcome. This would include votes which we consider might have a material impact on future company performance, for example approval of a merger. 2. Whether there is the potential for detriment to the interests of our clients. 3. Whether the vote was high-profile or controversial. This could be judged using any or all of the following: level of media interest; level of political or regulatory interest; level of industry debate. 4. In the pursuit of governance best practice.
Any conflicts of interest that arose during the reporting period in respect of any votes cast.	None



VOTING STATISTICS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD

Number of meetings we were eligible to vote at	60 (AGMs & EGMs)
Number of resolutions we were eligible to vote on	846
% of resolutions we voted on for which we were eligible	100%
Of the resolutions on which we voted, the % we voted with management	90.5%
Of the resolutions on which we voted, % we voted against management	9.1%
Of the resolutions on which we voted, % we abstained from voting	0.4%
% of meetings where we voted at least once against management	78.3%



MOST SIGNIFICANT VOTES	VOTE 1
Company name	Supreme plc
Date of vote	18/09/2025
Size of holding on vote date (as % of portfolio)	1.02%
Summary of the resolution	Authorise market purchases of own shares
Management recommendation	For
How we voted	Against
Advanced communication to company of vote intent	No
Rationale for the voting decision	The company has a limited free float of shares with its founder and CEO owning over 50% of the issued share capital. Using company cash to buy back stock in this case is not a good use of shareholder funds as we would like a broader shareholder base and it likely to benefit the CEO more than allowing a new shareholder to acquire stock
Outcome of the vote	For (97.24%)
Implications of the outcome	This hopefully sends a message to management that they need to consider wherever possible the interests of existing shareholders but also the liquidity of shares for new potential investors